Submission under 37 CFR 1.114

Attorney Docket: UCONAP/145/PC/US

#### AMENDMENT TO THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as follows:

1. (currently amended) A compound of the formula:

$$R_3$$
  $R_1$   $R_2$ 

wherein X is one of the group consisting of C=O and NH and Y is the other of that group;

R<sub>1</sub> is selected from the group consisting of H, CH<sub>3</sub> and alkyl;

 $R_2$  is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, O-alkyl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic,  $CH_2CH=CH_2$ ,  $C\equiv CH$ ,  $CH(R)CH_2Z$ ,  $CH_2CH(R)Z$  and  $CH(R)(CH_2)nCH_2Z$ , R being selected from the group consisting of H,  $CH_3$ ,  $CH_2CF_3$  and  $(CH_3)_2$ , Z being selected from the group consisting of H, halogens,  $N_3$ , NCS and OH and n being selected from the group consisting of 0, 1 and 2; and

 $R_3$  is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, aryl, alkylaryl, O-alkyl, O-alkylaryl, cyclic radical, heterocyclic radical, n-C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>10</sub>Z', n-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>12</sub>Z', n-C<sub>7</sub>H<sub>14</sub>Z' and 1',1'-C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>5</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>Z', Z' being selected from the group consisting of H, halogens, CN, N<sub>3</sub>, NCS and OH:

with the proviso that when X is C=O and Y is NH and  $R_1$  is H and  $R_3$  is selected from the group consisting of  $n-C_5H_{11}$ ,  $n-C_6H_{13}$  and  $n-C_7H_{15}$ , then Z can not be halogen or OH; and

when X is C=O and Y is NH and  $R_3$  is alkyl, then  $R_2$  can not be alkyl, OH substituted alkyl or heterocyclic.

2. (previously presented) The compound of claim 1 wherein X is NH, Y is C=O,  $R_1$  = H,  $R_2$  = CH(R)CH<sub>2</sub>Z, R = CH<sub>3</sub> and Z = F, and  $R_3$  = n-C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>10</sub>Z', Z' = H.

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- 3. (previously presented) The compound of claim 1 wherein X is NH, Y is C=O,  $R_1$  = H,  $R_2$  = CH(R)CH<sub>2</sub>Z, R = CH<sub>3</sub> and Z = I, and  $R_3$  = n-C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>10</sub>Z', Z' = H.
- 4. (original) The compound of claim 1 wherein  $R_1 = H$ ,  $R_2 = CH(R)CH_2Z$ ,  $R = CH_3$  and  $Z = N_3$ , and  $R_3 = n-C_5H_{10}Z$ , Z = H.
- 5. (previously presented) The compound of claim 1 wherein X is NH, Y is C=O,  $R_1$  = H,  $R_2$  = CH(R)CH<sub>2</sub>Z, R = H and Z = CI, and  $R_3$  = n-C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>10</sub>Z', Z' = H.
- 6. (previously presented) The compound of claim 1 wherein X is NH, Y is C=O,  $R_1$  = H,  $R_2$  = CH(R)(CH<sub>2</sub>)nCH<sub>2</sub>Z, R = H and n = 1 and Z = Cl, and  $R_3$  = n-C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>10</sub>Z', Z' = H.
- 7. (previously presented) The compound of claim 1 wherein  $R_1 = H$ ,  $R_2 = CH_2CH(R)Z$ ,  $R = CH_3$  and Z = CI, and  $R_3 = n-C_5H_{10}Z$ , Z' = H.
- 8. (previously presented) The compound of claim 1 wherein  $R_1 = H$ ,  $R_2 = CH_2CH=CH_2$  or C=CH, and  $R_3 = n-C_5H_{10}Z'$ , Z' = H.
- 9. (original) The compound of claim 1 wherein  $R_1 = H$ ,  $R_2 = CH_2CF_3$ , and  $R_3 = n-C_5H_{10}Z'$ , Z' = H.

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#### 10. (currently amended) A compound of the formula:

$$R_1$$
 $X$ 
 $R_2$ 
 $R_3$ 

wherein X is one of the group consisting of C=O and NH and Y is the other of that group;

R<sub>1</sub> is selected from the group consisting of H, CH<sub>3</sub> and alkyl;

R<sub>2</sub> is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, O-alkyl, cyclic group, polycyclic group, heterocyclic group,

CH=CH<sub>2</sub>, CH=C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, C≡CH, CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>3</sub>, CH(R)(CH<sub>2</sub>)nCH<sub>2</sub>Z and CH<sub>2</sub>CH(R)(CH<sub>2</sub>)nZ, R being selected from the group consisting of H and CH<sub>3</sub>, Z being selected from the group consisting of H, halogens, N<sub>3</sub>, NCS, OH and OAc and n being selected from the group consisting of 0, 1 and 2; and

 $R_3$  is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, aryl, alkylaryl, O-alkyl, O-alkylaryl, cyclic group, heterocyclic group, n-C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>10</sub>Z', n-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>12</sub>Z', n-C<sub>7</sub>H<sub>14</sub>Z' and 1',1'-C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>5</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>Z', Z' being selected from the group consisting of H, halogens, CN, N<sub>3</sub>, NCS and OH;

with the proviso that when X is NH and Y is C=O and  $R_1$  is H and  $R_3$  is selected from the group consisting of  $n-C_5H_{11}$ ,  $n-C_6H_{13}$ , and  $n-C_7H_{15}$ , then Z can not be halogen

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or OH; and

when Y is C=O and X is NH and  $R_3$  is alkyl, then  $R_2$  can not be alkyl, OH substituted alkyl or heterocyclic.

- 11. (cancelled)
- 12. (original) The compound of claim 10 wherein  $R_1 = H$ ,  $R_2 = CH(R)(CH_2)nCH_2Z$ , R = H and Z = OAc and  $R_3 = n-C_5H_{10}Z'$ , Z' = H.
- 13. (cancelled)
- 14. (currently amended) A medicinal preparation prepared from a compound comprising:

$$R_1$$
 $X$ 
 $R_2$ 
 $R_3$ 

wherein X is one of the group consisting of C=O and NH and Y is the other of that group;

R<sub>1</sub> is selected from the group consisting of H and alkyl radicals;

R<sub>2</sub> is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl O-alkyl, cyclic group, polycyclic group and heterocyclic group; and

R<sub>3</sub> is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, O-alkyl, aryl, alkylaryl, O-alkylaryl, cyclic and heterocyclic radicals;

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with the proviso that when X is NH and Y is C=O and  $R_1$  is H and  $R_3$  is selected from the group consisting of  $n-C_5H_{11}$ ,  $n-C_6H_{13}$ , and  $n-C_7H_{15}$ , then Z can not be halogen or OH; and

when Y is C=O and X is NH and  $R_3$  is alkyl, then  $R_2$  can not be alkyl. OH substituted alkyl or heterocyclic.

15. (currently amended) A medicinal preparation prepared from a compound comprising:

wherein X is one of the group consisting of C=O and NH and Y is the other of that group;

R<sub>1</sub> is selected from the group consisting of H and alkyl radicals;

R<sub>2</sub> is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, O-alkyl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic and heterocyclic radicals; and

R<sub>3</sub> is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, O-alkyl, aryl, alkylaryl, O-alkylaryl, cyclic and heterocyclic radicals

with the proviso that when X is C=O and Y is NH and  $R_1$  is H and  $R_3$  is selected from the group consisting of  $n-C_5H_{11}$ ,  $n-C_6H_{13}$  and  $n-C_7H_{15}$ , then Z can not be halogen or OH; and

when X is C=O and Y is NH and  $R_3$  is alkyl, then  $R_2$  can not be alkyl, OH substituted alkyl or heterocyclic.

16. (currently amended) A compound of claim 1 wherein:

R<sub>1</sub> is selected from the group consisting of H, CH<sub>3</sub> and alkyl;

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 $R_2$  is selected from the group consisting CH2CH=CH2, C=CH, CH(R)CH<sub>2</sub>Z, CH<sub>2</sub>CH(R)Z and CH(R)(CH<sub>2</sub>)nCH<sub>2</sub>Z, R being selected from the group consisting of H, CH<sub>3</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CF<sub>3</sub> and (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, Z being selected from the group consisting of H, halogens, N<sub>3</sub>, NCS and OH and n being selected from the group consisting of 0, 1 and 2; and

 $R_3$  is selected from the group consisting of n-C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>10</sub>Z', n-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>12</sub>Z', n-C<sub>7</sub>H<sub>14</sub>Z' and 1',1'-C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>5</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>Z', Z' being selected from the group consisting of H, halogens, CN, N<sub>3</sub>, NCS and OH [[;]]  $\underline{\cdot}$ 

# 17. (previously presented) A compound of claim 1 selected from:

$$AA \xrightarrow{Q} H \xrightarrow{P} F$$

$$AA \xrightarrow{Q} H \xrightarrow{N_3} AA \xrightarrow{Q} H$$

$$AA \xrightarrow{Q} H \xrightarrow{N_4} F$$

$$AA \xrightarrow{Q} H \xrightarrow{N_4} CI$$

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### 18. (currently amended) A compound of claim 10, wherein:

R<sub>1</sub> is selected from the group consisting of H, CH<sub>3</sub> and alkyl;

R<sub>2</sub> is selected from the group consisting of

CH=CH<sub>2</sub>, CH=C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, C≡CH, CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>3</sub>, CH(R)(CH<sub>2</sub>)nCH<sub>2</sub>Z and CH<sub>2</sub>CH(R)(CH<sub>2</sub>)nZ, R being selected from the group consisting of H and CH<sub>3</sub>, Z being selected from the group consisting of H, halogens, N<sub>3</sub>, NCS, OH and OAc and n being selected from the group consisting of 0, 1 and 2; and

 $R_3$  is selected from the group consisting of n-C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>10</sub>Z', n-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>12</sub>Z', n-C<sub>7</sub>H<sub>14</sub>Z' and 1',1'-C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>5</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>Z', Z' being selected from the group consisting of H, halogens, CN, N<sub>3</sub>, NCS and OH [[;]] .

## 19. (previously presented) A compound of claim 10 selected from:

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### 20. (previously presented) A medicinal preparation of claim 14, wherein:

R<sub>1</sub> is selected from the group consisting of H and CH<sub>3</sub>;

R<sub>2</sub> is selected from the group consisting of

CH=CH<sub>2</sub>, CH=C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, C≡CH, CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>3</sub>, CH(R)(CH<sub>2</sub>)nCH<sub>2</sub>Z and CH<sub>2</sub>CH(R)(CH<sub>2</sub>)nZ, R being selected from the group consisting of H and CH<sub>3</sub>, Z being selected from the group consisting of H, halogens, N<sub>3</sub>, NCS, OH and OAc and n being selected from the group consisting of 0, 1 and 2; and

 $R_3$  is selected from the group consisting of n-C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>10</sub>Z', n-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>12</sub>Z', n-C<sub>7</sub>H<sub>14</sub>Z' and 1',1'-C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>5</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>Z', Z' being selected from the group consisting of H, halogens, CN, N<sub>3</sub>, NCS and OH.

## 21. (currently amended) A medicinal preparation of claim 15, wherein:

 $R_1$  is selected from the group consisting of H and  $CH_3$ ;

 $R_2$  is selected from the group consisting of CH2CH=CH2, C≡CH, CH(R)CH<sub>2</sub>Z, CH<sub>2</sub>CH(R)Z and CH(R)(CH<sub>2</sub>)nCH<sub>2</sub>Z, R being selected from the group consisting of H, CH<sub>3</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CF<sub>3</sub> and (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, Z being selected from the group consisting of H, halogens, N<sub>3</sub>, NCS and OH and n being selected from the group consisting of 0, 1 and 2; and

 $R_3$  is selected from the group consisting of n-C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>10</sub>Z', n-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>12</sub>Z', n-C<sub>7</sub>H<sub>14</sub>Z' and 1',1'-C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>5</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>Z', Z' being selected from the group consisting of H, halogens, CN, N<sub>3</sub>, NCS and OH [[;]]  $\underline{\cdot}$